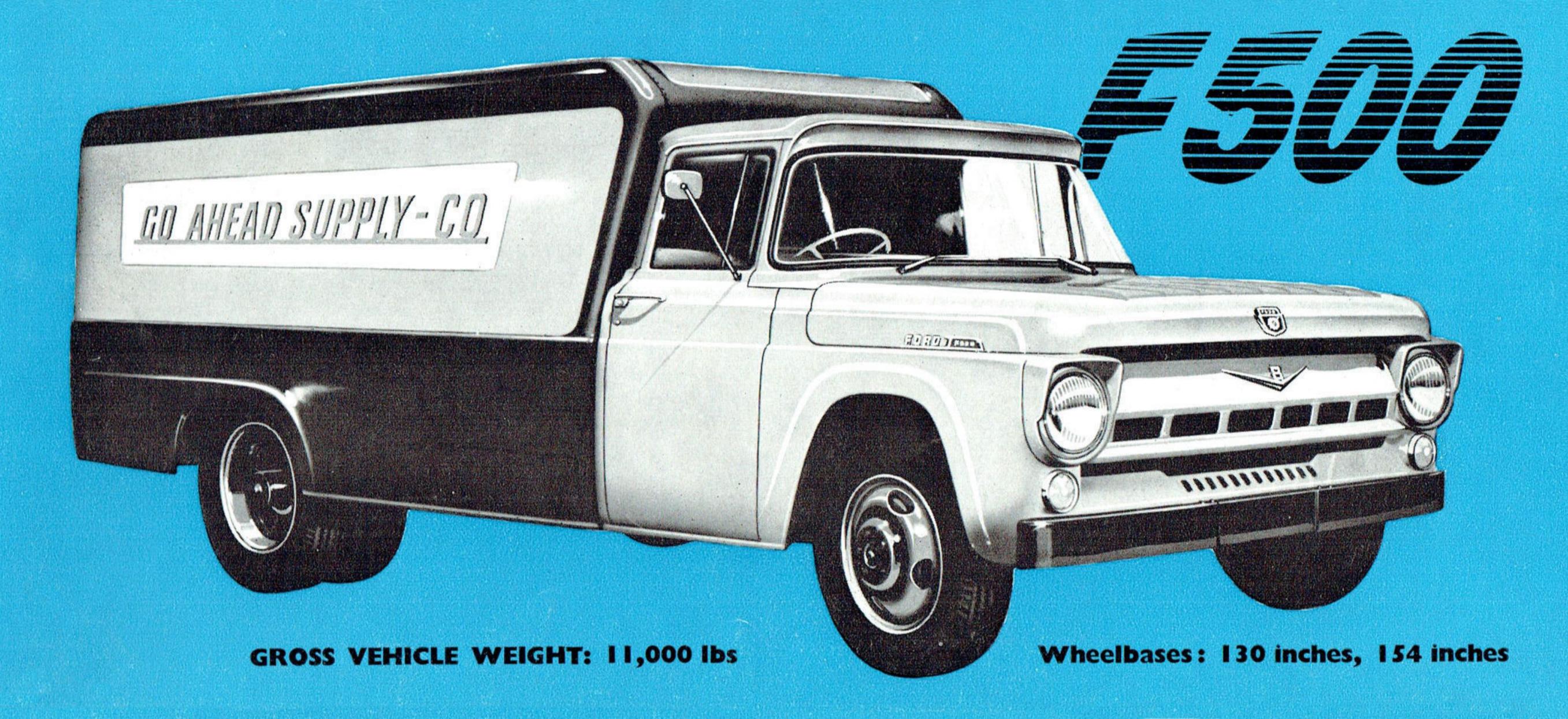
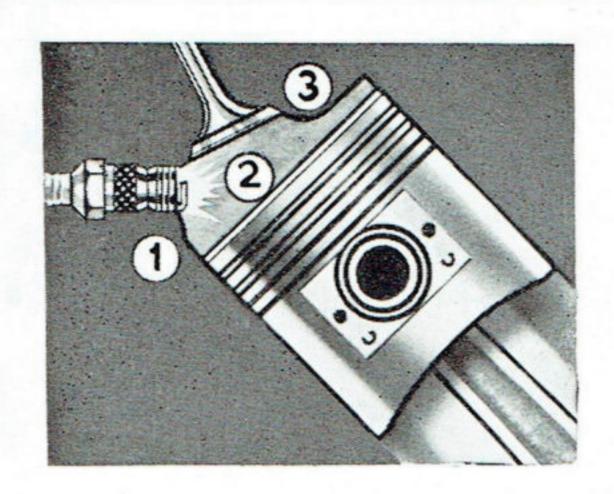
# FORD OHV TRIPLE TRIPLE TONOMY TRIPLE ECONOMY



## Go-akead power with Ford's short stroke OHV V8 engine!



I. 12-VOLT IGNITION system gives more positive and quicker cold weather starts, greater reserve capacity to handle lights and heavier electrical loads now in today's trucks.

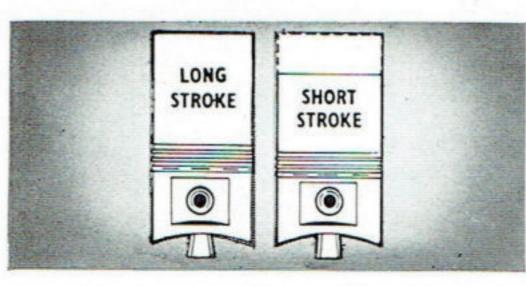
2. 7.1:1 COMPRESSION RATIO for extra power from fuel puts more miles in every gallon of petrol.

3. EASY BREATHING with larger intake passage and new, improved high-turbulence combustion chambers provide full power at high speeds, added pep and performance through the full range of speeds.

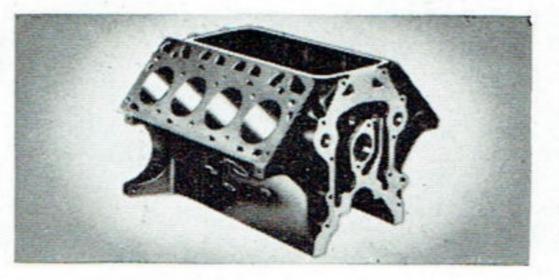
More Torque — more instantly useable power at all operating speeds.

This is the most powerful and efficient V8 truck engine Ford has ever built. And Ford has built more V8 engines than all other makers combined. It develops more horsepower per cubic inch displacement, far higher, more sustained torque for tough work, long hauls, and easier cruising under all bad load conditions, and big power reserves to handle pay loads more easily and economically.

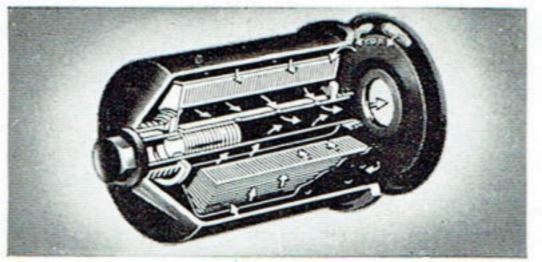
Other reasons why Ford's O.H.V. V8 engine gives you more power per pound are . . . 7.1:1 compression ratio suitable for both high and low octane fuels . . . 12-volt electrical system . . . short stroke piston design, iron-alloy camshaft . . . exceptionally rigid crankshaft . . . and many other advancements.



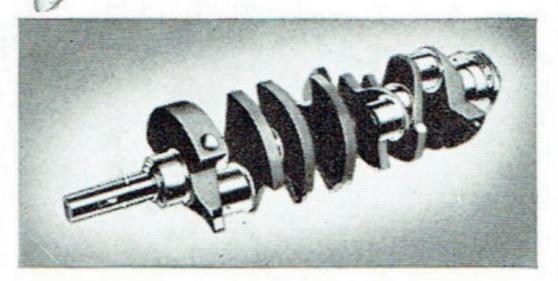
Short - stroke Low Friction
Design Piston travel is less than
bore diameter, this results in shorter
piston travel with less friction, less
wear on moving parts, longer
engine life.



Deep Y-Block with its great rigidity means longer life, and smoother operation. The Block structure widens out at rear for very rigid connection of the block and flywheel housing.



full flow Oil filter cleans ALL the engine oil before it reaches bearing surfaces, reducing cylinder wall and piston ring wear and thereby contributing to longer bearing life.



Exceptionally Rigid Crankshaft cast by an exclusive Ford method from a special iron-alloy, has 5 main bearings and eight integral counterweights for smoother operation and longer engine life.

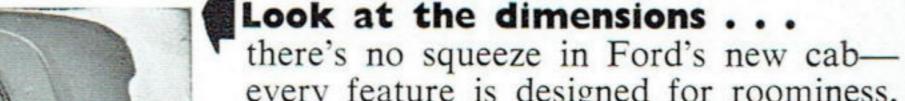
## Go-akead styling and comfort

## New, boldly modern design with greater driver ease

and comfort Ford's new driverized cabs represent one of the most sweeping changes in cab design in trucking history. In every feature, from the sleek, lower, wider silhouette to the massive, over-1000 sq. inch windscreen, it provides the ultimate in comfort for 3 big men. New, suspended pedals are easier to operate, provide extra foot room, and eliminate floor holes through which dust and fumes enter. All controls are more conveniently placed. The seat is wider, deeply sprung and adjustable. Even positioning of driver and passengers further away from the stiffer load-carrying rear suspension means more comfort, less driver-fatigue. Yes, even more than before, Ford's cab is **the** cab for truck comfort and practical design.

6.8

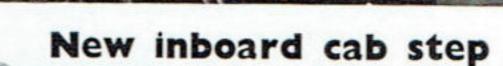
LOW STEP HEIGHT TO GROUND



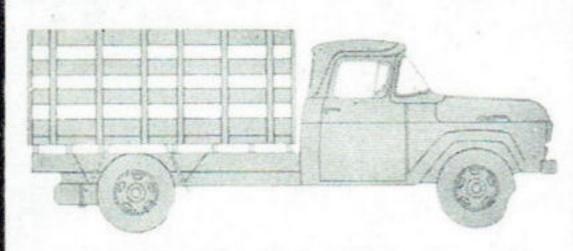
every feature is designed for roominess, comfort and for conserving the driver's energy. The doors open almost a full yard wide, the windscreen is over 1000 sq. ins. big, the new inboard step makes it easier to climb in and out of the cab and increases all-over cab strength.

### Suspended pedals . . .

new, "natural position" suspended clutch, brake and accelerator pedals eliminate holes in floor for a tighter sealed cab... the clutch is hydraulically assisted for easier operation... and full clearance is maintained between pedals and steering column.

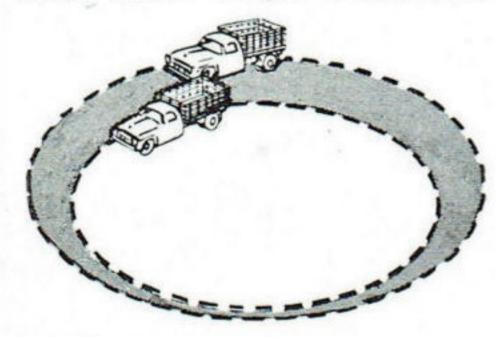


is just a short, low step from ground to cab, makes it easier to climb aboard. It provides, too, greater protection against water and slush entering the cab in inclement weather than the outboard steps. And there's ample clearance between the seat and door post to swing your feet through.



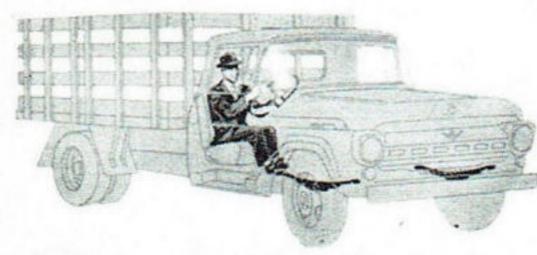
## WIDE-TRACK, SET-BACK FRONT-AXLES

Front axle position allows shorter wheelbase, greater manoeuvrability. Load centre further forward and longer capacity front axle, mean better weight distribution.



### SHORTER TURNING

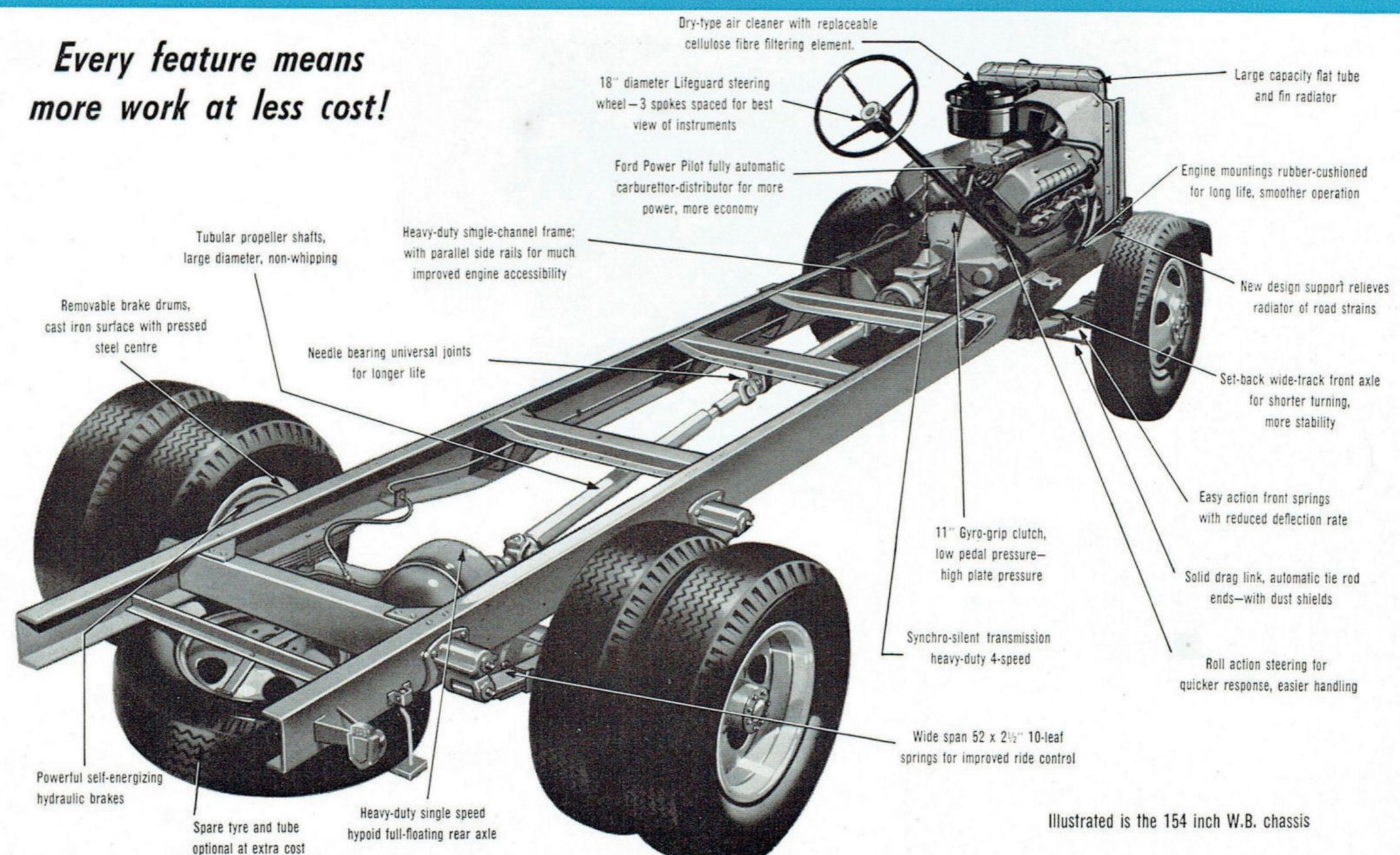
Wider track and shorter wheelbase design reduces turning circle diameters up to 6 ft.



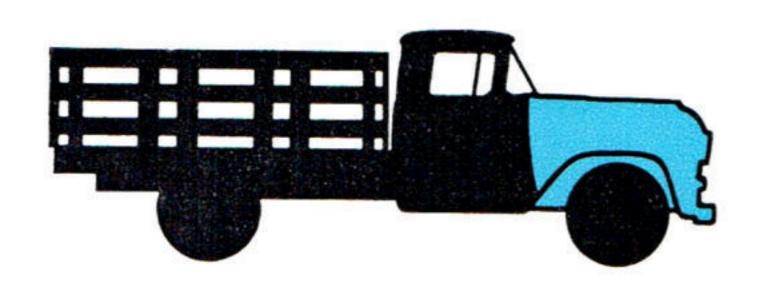
### CUSHIONED RIDE CONTROL

Softer ride for driver and load. With shorter wheelbase drives is closer to smooth-riding front springs and further from load-carrying stiffer rear springs.

## Go-akead strength with Ford's husky chassis!

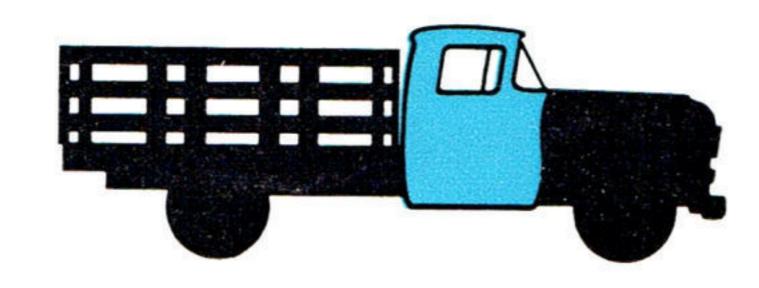


# FORD $\frac{O.H.V.}{V8}$ TRUCK DESIGN IS RIGHT FOR TODAY . . . AND FOR YEARS AHEAD! FORD'S DESIGN IS MODERN . . . THROUGH AND THROUGH!



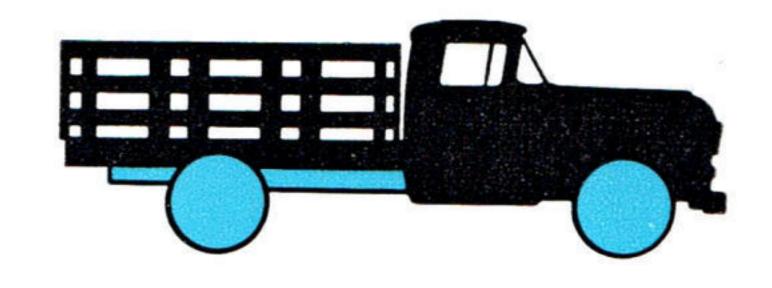


Always out front for power, Ford again gives you more usable and cost saving overhead valve V8 power . . . the most efficient and hardest working power in trucking today. And, with high torque development for more "thrust" at the wheels, and deep Y-block low friction design, you get longer engine life and lower maintenance costs. Ford's O.H.V. V8 truck engine is your Big Economy Item No. 1!



## Go-ahead CAB DESIGN

Ford's big 3-man cab is the newest and most comfortable ever! And it's overall appearance puts it way out in front as a prestige builder for your business. Every feature has been scientifically tested to make driving operation the easiest and simplest in trucking. It's new design lessens driver fatigue, saves him time, and increases working capacity. And that's Big Economy Item No. 2.



## Go-ahead CHASSIS strength

Ford's ability to haul big pay loads comes from Ford's new, more rugged chassis design. Ton-mile hauling costs are cut to a minimum! You'll find the right load-carrying capacity in the Ford range to suit **exactly** your needs. And chassis design provides too for practical, low-cost installation of any standard or specialised body-type you may require. Profitable pay load capacity is Big Economy Item No. 3!

AND YOUR PROFITS KEEP GOING AHEAD . . . FOR FORD TRUCKS COST LESS . . . LESS TO OWN . . . LESS TO RUN . . . AND LAST LONGER TOO!

### ABRIDGED SPECIFICATIONS FORD F 500 (G.V.W. 11,000 lbs.) TRUCK

AXLE, FRONT: Type—Modified I-Beam. Material—Heat-treated Alloy Steel Forging.

AXLE, REAR: Type—Hypoid Single Speed Full Floating. Axle Shaft Diameter Spline—1.75 in. Axle Ratio—5.83 to 1.

BRAKES, SERVICE: Type—Front, Single Anchor, Self-engaging; Rear, Hydraulic Two-cylinder Independently Anchored. Front Brake (Drum Diameter x Lining Width-Thickness)—13 x 2½-¼ in. Rear Brake (Drum Diameter x Lining Width-Thickness)—15 x 4-¾ in. Total Area—Drum 560.78 sq. in. Lining 366 sq. in. Drums—Type, Demountable. Material—Cast Iron Fused to Steel Back.

BRAKE, HAND: Operating on Transmission Brake Drum and External Band.

**BUMPER:** Type—Curved Channel Type. **Mounting**—Bolted Direct to Front Frame Siderails.

CLUTCH: Type—Hydraulically operated Gyro-Grip, Semi-Centrifugal Single Plate.

Diameter—Outside, 11 in. Total Frictional Area—123.7 sq. in. Cover Plate—Ventilated Type. Pressure Plate—Cast Iron. Clutch Disc—Cushioned Hub with Vibration Damper.

Release Bearing—Sealed Ball, Pre-lubricated.

Pilot Bearing—Oil-impregnated Bronze.

Attachment—Levers to Pressure Plate, Needle Roller Bearings.

COOLING SYSTEM: Capacity—21.6 qts. Radiator—Flat Tube and Fin—Pressure Cap. Thermostats—In Engine Water Outlet. Fan Diameter—18 in. Blades 4.

DRIVE LINE: Type—Hotchkiss, Straight-Line Drive. Universal Joints—Number Three Type, Needle Roller Bearing.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM: Battery—Heavy Duty 12-volt. Generator—30 amp. Ignition—Full Vacuum Controlled System, Fully Automatic Distributor; Metal-Clad Coil; Open Wiring in Rubber Grommets. Head Lights—Sealed Beam, Foot-Switch Beam Control. Starter—High Torque, Automatic Engagement, Solenoid Switch, Ignition Switch Control. Parking Lights—Combination Stop and Tail Lights; Instrument Lights; Ignition Switch with Key Lock.

ENGINE: No. Cylinders—8 Bore and Stroke, —3.62 x 3.30 in. Displacement—272 cu. in. Compression Ratio—7.1 to 1. Max. B.H.P.—166 at 4,400 r.p.m. Max. Torque—240 lbs./ft. at 2,200-2,600 r.p.m.

FRAME: Type—Heavy Duty Siderail—Parallel Channel Section. Cross Members—Flanged

"U" Type with Alligator Jaw and Channel Section.

FUEL SYSTEM: Carburettor—Dual Downdraught. Air Cleaner—Dry Type Cellulose Fibre Element. Fuel Pump and Filter—Diaphragm Type Driven from Camshaft. Fuel Tank—Chassis with Cab, 14.5 Gal. Inside Cab. Fuel Filler—Tube extension to outside Cab.

LUBRICATION: Engine—Fuel Pressure Feed to all Main, Crankpin and Camshaft Bearings. Crankcase Capacity—8 pts., plus 1 pt. for dry filter. Chassis—Fittings for Pressure Lubrication.

**SPRINGS:** Semi-elliptic, Alloy Steel Front and Rear. **Length and Width**—Front,  $45 \times 2$  in. Rear,  $52 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  in.

STEERING: Type—Worm and Single Row Needle Bearing Roller. Ratio—20.4 to 1. Turning Radius—130 in W.B., R.H. 24 ft. L.H. 24.4 ft. 154 in. W.B., R.H. 27.25 ft. L.H. 27.8 ft. Wheel—18 in Diam., 3-Spoke. Tie Rod—Ball Stud and Socket, Spring Loaded

for Automatic Take-up of Wear, Equipped with Rubber Dust Shields.

TRANSMISSION: Type—4-Speed Synchro-Silent, Floor Change. Gear Positions—Ratio (to 1), First 6.40; Second 3.09; Third 1.69; High, 1.00; Reverse 7.82. Lubricant Capacity—6½ Pints.

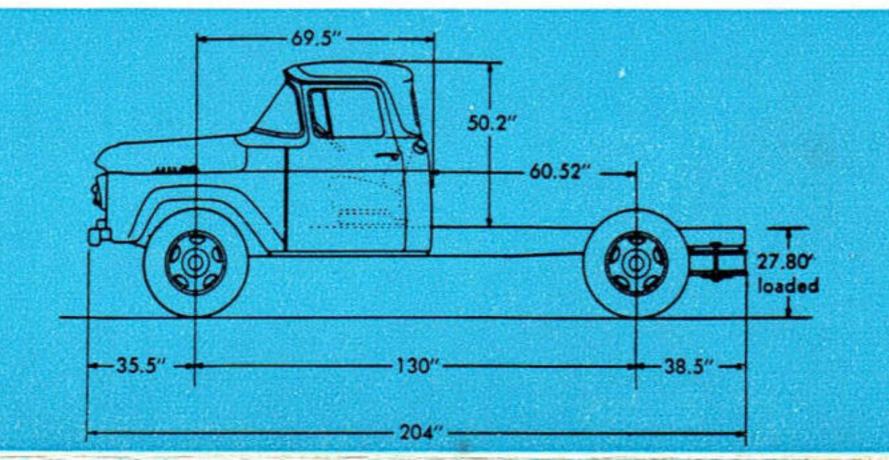
WHEELS AND TYRES: Wheels— $7-5.0 \times 20$  Steel Disc with 8 inch Diameter Bolt Circle. Tyres— $6-6.50 \times 20$  6-ply (8-ply opt. at extra cost).

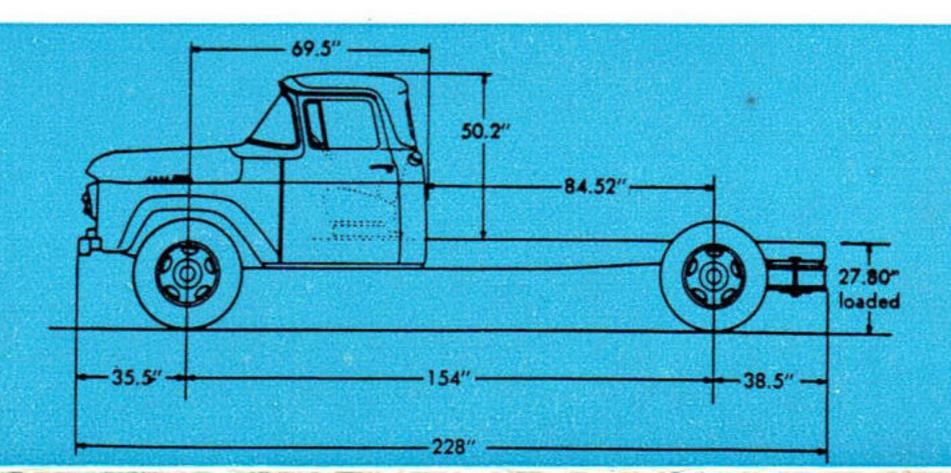
CHASSIS EQUIPMENT: Included as standard, in addition to items specified above: Hood, Cowl and Dash Assembly; Front Fenders; Fully Controlled Ventilation System; Steel Toeboards; Instrument Panel; Speedometer; Water Temperature Gauge; Oil Pressure Warning Light; Fuel Gauge; Charge Indicator Warning Light; Hand Throttle; Windshield Wipers; Electric Horn; Spare Tyre Carrier; Air Wing Ventilating Windows in Doors; Mirror, Rear View—outside on Cab.

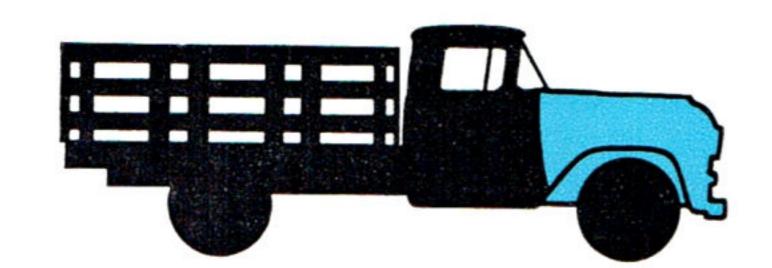
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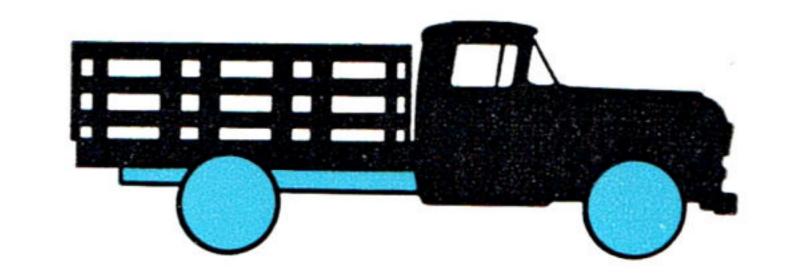
### FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.

(Incorporated in Victoria) Registered Office: Geelong, Victoria









## Go-ahead POWER

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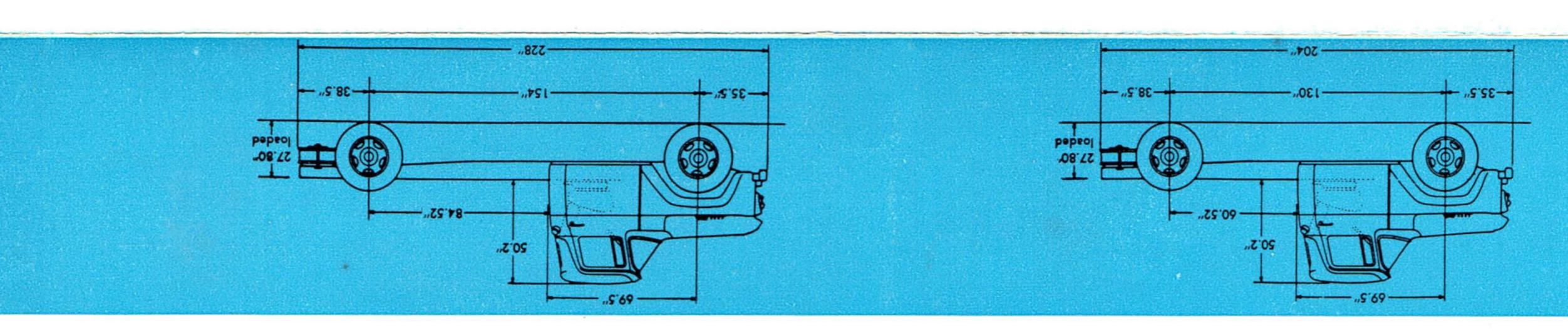
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Ford's ability to haul big pay loads comes from Ford's new, more rugged chassis design. Ton-mile hauling costs are cut to a minimum! You'll find the right load-carrying capacity in the Ford range to suit **exactly** your needs. And chassis design provides too for practical, low-cost installation of any standard or specialised body-type you may require. Profitable pay load capacity is Big Economy Item No. 3!

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WHEELS AND TYRES: Wheels—7— $5.0 \times 20$  Steel Disc with 8 inch Diameter Bolt Circle. Tyres— $6.50 \times 20$  6-ply (8-ply opt. at extra cost).

TRANSMISSION: Type—4-Speed Synchro-Silent, Floor Change. Gear Positions—Ratio (to 1), First 6.40; Second 3.09; Third 1.69; High, 1.00; Reverse 7.82. Lubricant Capacity—6½ Pints.

for Automatic Take-up of Wear, Equipped with Rubber Dust Shields.

Rear, 52 x 2½ in.

STEERING: Type—Worm and Single Row
Needle Bearing Roller. Ratio—20.4 to 1.

Turning Radius—130 in W.B., R.H. 27.25 ft. L.H.
L.H. 24.4 ft. 154 in. W.B., R.H. 27.25 ft. L.H.
27.8 ft. Wheel—18 in Diam., 3-Spoke.
Tie Rod—Ball Stud and Socket, Spring Loaded

SPRINGS: Semi-elliptic, Alloy Steel Front and Rear. Length and Width—Front, 45 x 2 in.

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—Chassis with Cab, 14.5 Gal. Inside Cab.
Fuel Filler—Tube extension to outside Cab.

LUBRICATION: Engine—Fuel Pressure Feed to all Main, Crankpin and Camshaft Bearings.

Crankcase Capacity—8 pts., plus 1 pt. for dry filter. Chassis—Fittings for Pressure Lubri-

"U" Type with Alligator Jaw and Channel Section.

FUEL SYSTEM: Carburettor—Dual Downdraught. Air Cleaner—Dry Type Cellulose

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ENGINE: No. Cylinders—8 Bore and Stroke,

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166 at 4,400 r.p.m. Max. Torque—240 lbs./
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**DRIVE LINE:** Type—Hotchkiss, Straight-Line Drive. Universal Joints—Number Three Type, Needle Roller Bearing.

COOLING SYSTEM: Capacity—21.6 qts. Radiator—Flat Tube and Fin—Pressure Cap. Thermostats—In Engine Water Outlet. Fan Diameter—18 in. Blades 4.

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BUMPER: Type—Curved Channel Type. Mounting—Bolted Direct to Front Frame Siderails.

BRAKE, HAND: Operating on Transmission Brake Drum and External Band.

BRAKES, SERVICE: Type—Front, Single Anchor, Self-engaging; Rear, Hydraulic Two-cylinder Independently Anchored. Front Brake (Drum Diameter x Lining Width-Thickness)

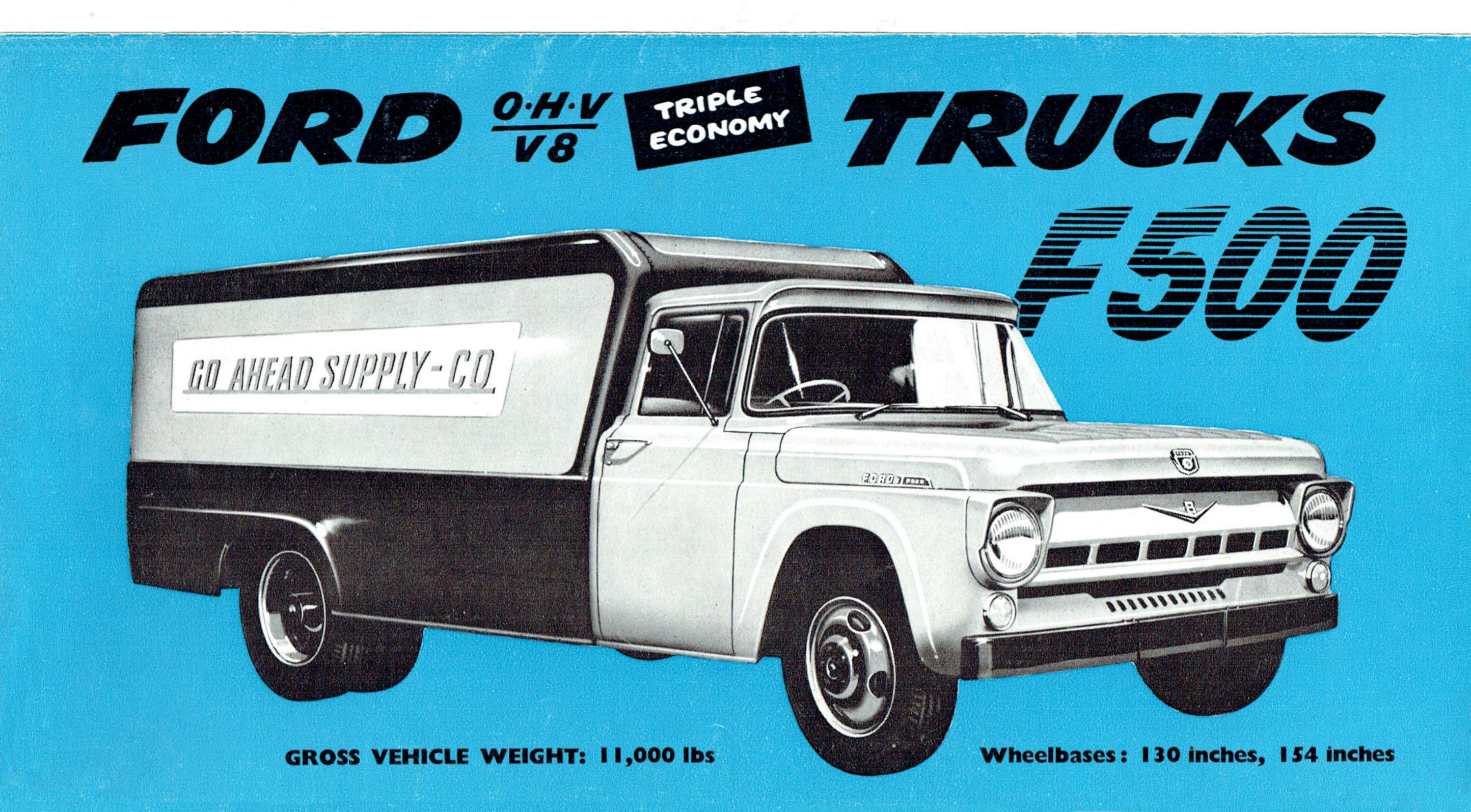
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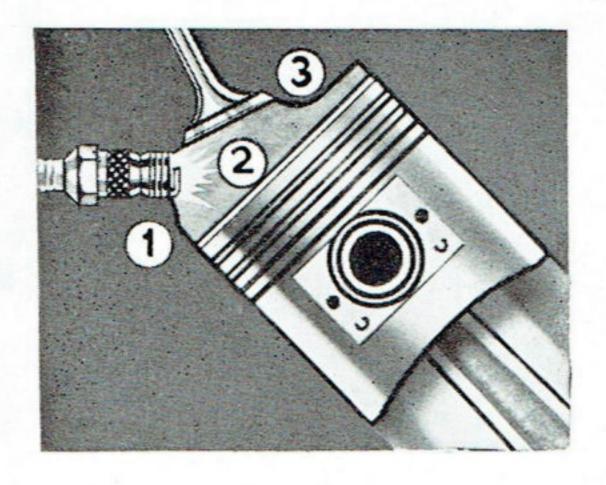
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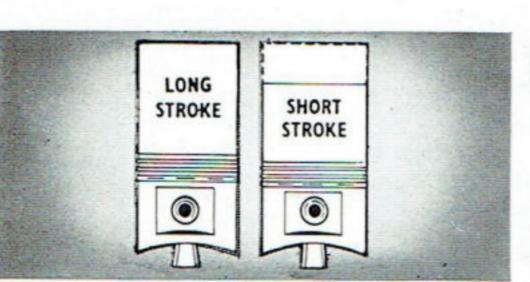
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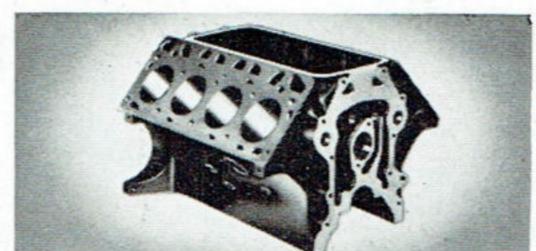
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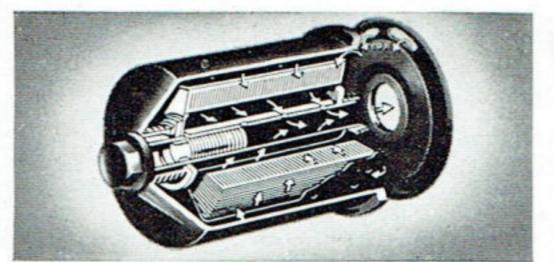
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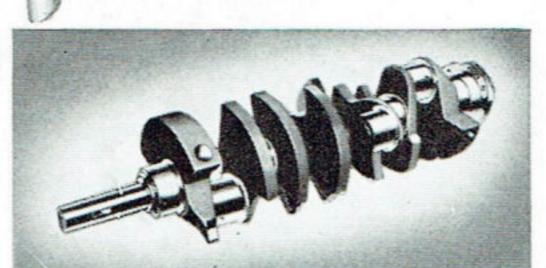
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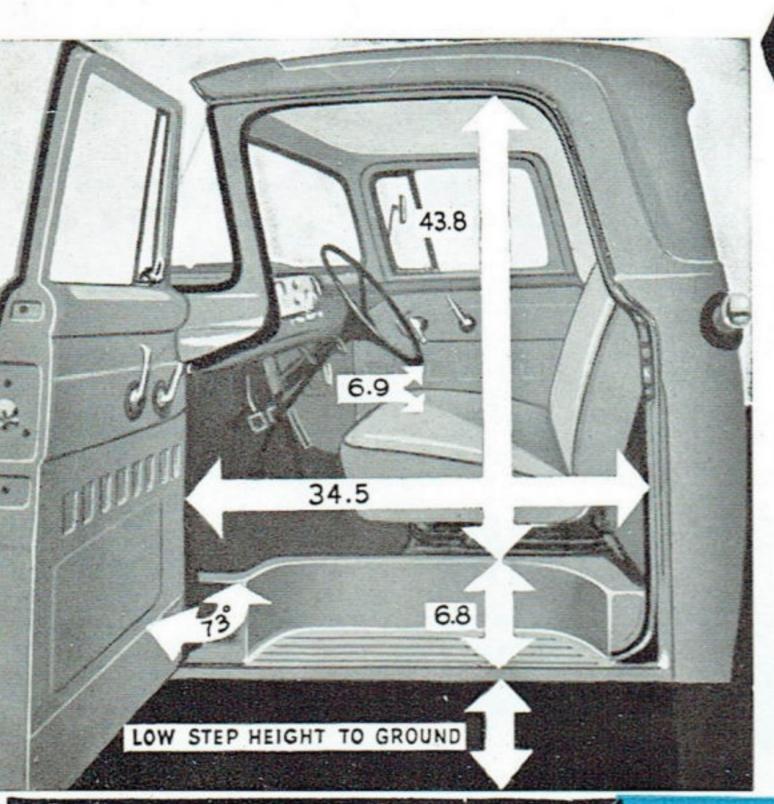


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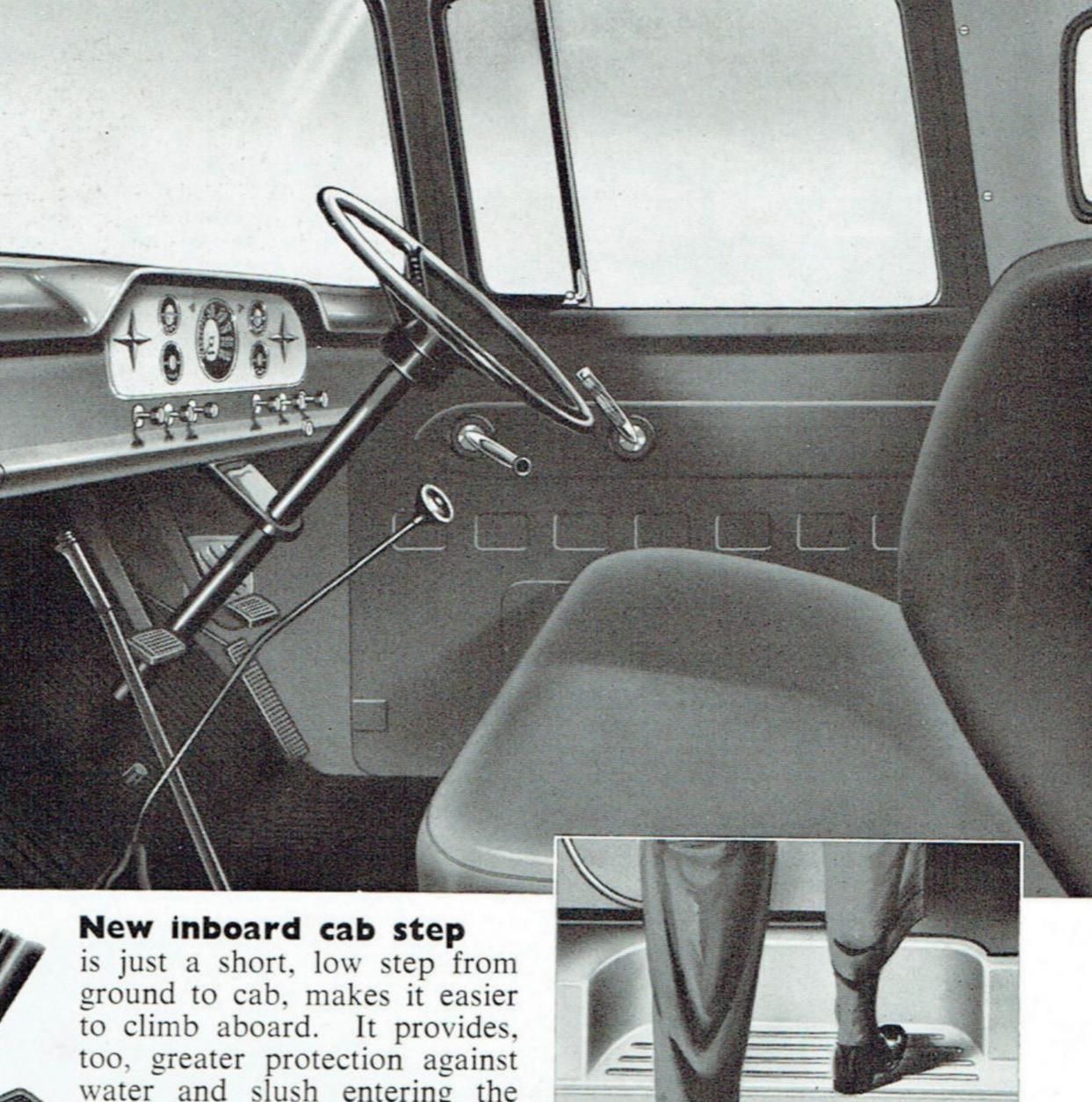
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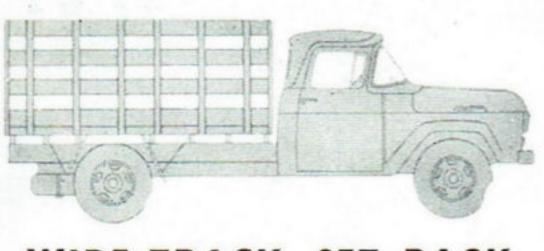
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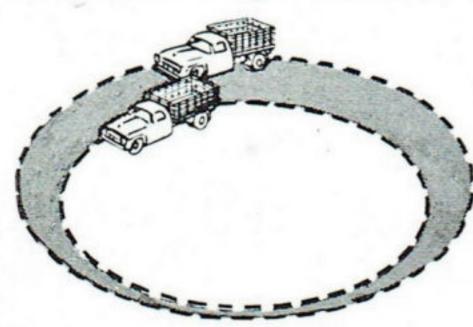
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